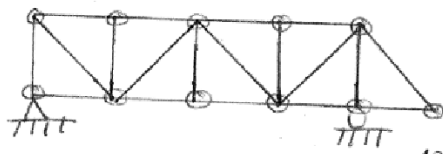


PROB#6.1



$$m = 19, j = 11, r = 3 \text{ (3 furnished)}$$

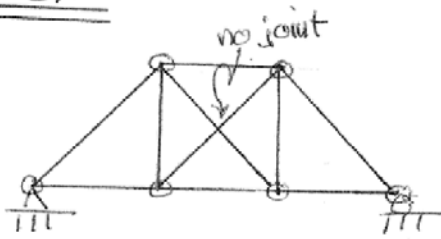
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$19 = 2(11) - 3 = 19$$

∴

∴ Its statically determinate internally and externally

PROB #6,2



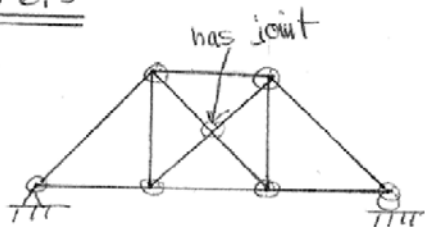
$$m = 10, j = 6, r = 3 \text{ (3 furnished)}$$

$$m = \sum j - 2$$

$$10 > (2 \times 6) - 3 = 9$$

∴ Its stat. indeterminate internally to 1st degree

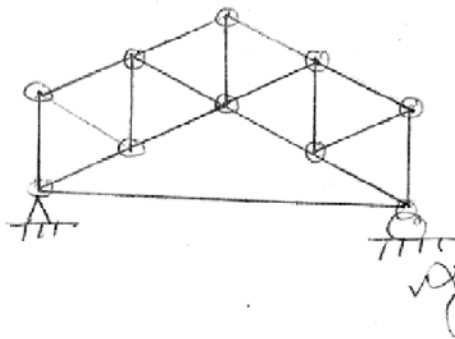
PROB# 6.3



$$m = 12, j = 7, r = 3 \text{ (3 furnished)}$$
$$m = 2j - r$$
$$12 > (2)(7) - 3 = 11$$

∴ Its statically indeterminate internally to 1st degree

PROB # 6.4



$$m = 18, j = 10, r = 3 \text{ (3-furnished)}$$

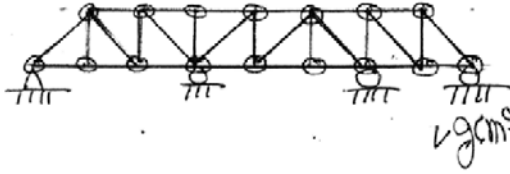
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$18 > (2)(10) - 3 = 17$$

∴ Its stat. indeterminate internally to 1st degree

✓ of CMSE

PROB #6.5



$$m = 29, j = 16, r = 3 \text{ (5 furnished)}$$

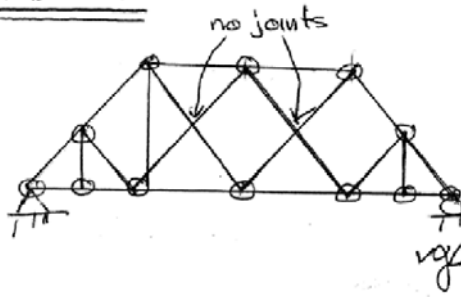
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$29 = (2)(16) - 3 = 29$$

Its statically indeterminate externally to 2nd degree

✓ 29 m

PROB# 6.6



$$m = 21, j = 12, r = 3 (\text{3 firm})$$

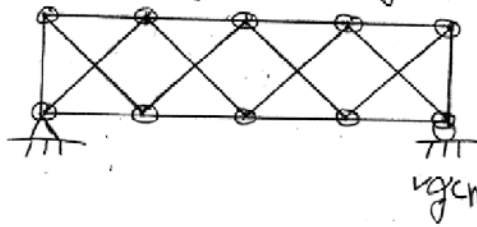
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$21 = (2)(12) - 3 = 21$$

∴ Its statically determinate externally and internally

PROB# 6.7

no joints @
diagonal crossings



$$m = 18, j = 10, r = 3 \text{ (3 furnished)}$$

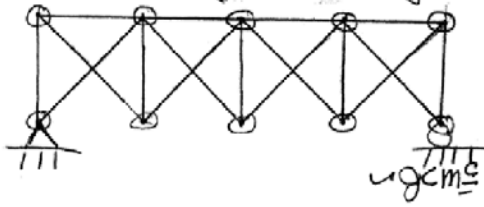
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$18 > (2 \times 10) - 3 = 17$$

∴ Its statically indet. internally
to 1st degree

PROB #6.8

no joints @
diagonal crossings



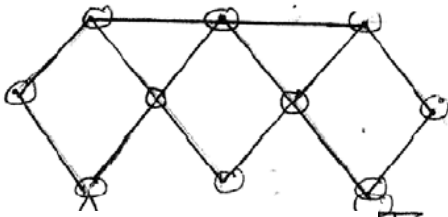
$$m = 17, j = 10, r = 3 (3 \text{ furnished})$$

$$m = 2j - 2$$

$$m = (2)(10) - 3 = 17$$

•• Stat det. internally and externally

PROB# 6.9



$$m = 14, j = 10, r = 3 \text{ (3 furn.)}$$

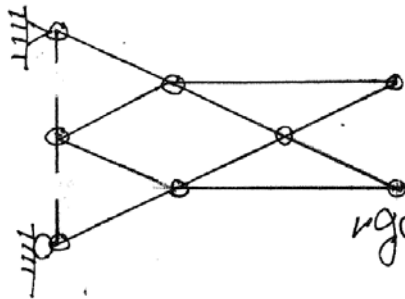
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$14 < (2)(10) - 3 = 17$$

✓ QMC

∴ Its unstable

PROB # 6.10



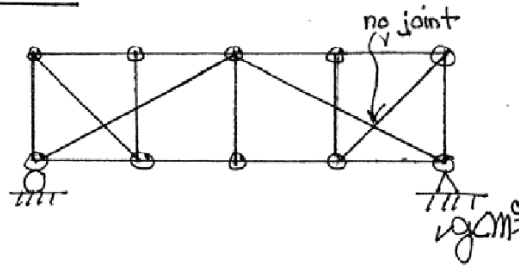
$$m=12, j=8, r=3 \text{ (fixed)}$$

$$m = 2j - r$$

$$12 < (2)(8) - 3 = 13$$

rgcm \therefore Its unstable

PROB #6.11



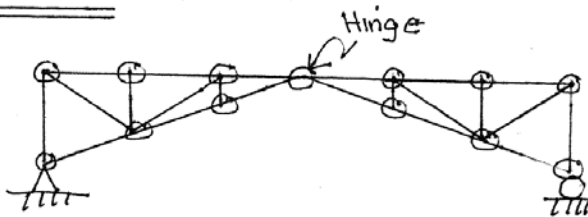
$$m = 17, j = 10, r = 3 \text{ (3 furn.)}$$

$$m = 2j - r$$

$$17 = (2)(10) - 3 = 17$$

∴ Its stat. determinate internally and externally

PROB# 6.12



$$m = 22, j = 13, r = 4 \text{ (3 from)}$$

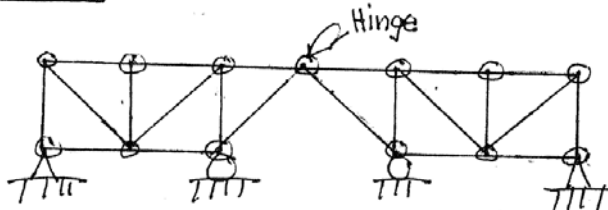
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$22 = (2)(13) - 4 = 22$$

$m = 22$ • Its unstable externally

PROB#6.13

4

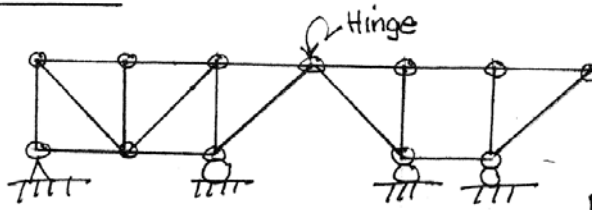


$$m = 2j - 4 = 2(13) - 4 = 22$$
$$m = 2j - 4$$
$$22 = (2)(13) - 4 = 22$$

✓ J.C.M.S.

∴ It's statically indet. externally to 2nd degree

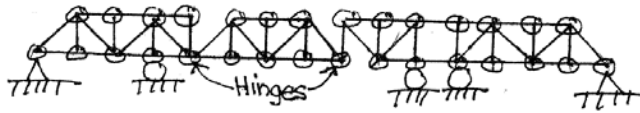
PROB# 6.14



$$m = 19, j_f = 12, r = 5 \text{ (5 fixed)}$$
$$m = 2j - r$$
$$19 = 24 - 5 = 19$$

∴ Its statically det.
internally and externally

PROB #6.15



$$m = 53, j = 30, r = 7 \text{ (7 farn.)}$$

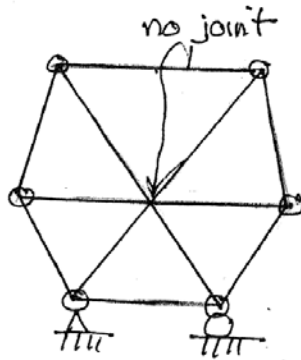
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$53 = (2)(30) - 7 = 53$$

gen^o

∴ Its stat det. intern.
and externally

PROB # 6.16



$$m = 9, j = 6, r = 3 \text{ (3 furnished)}$$

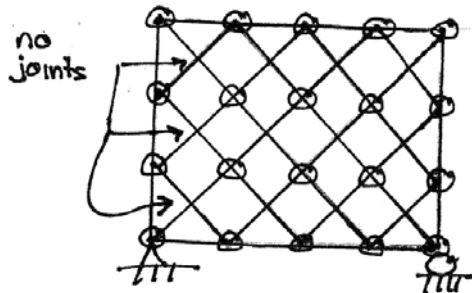
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$9 = (2)(6) - 3 = 9$$

∴ Its stat. determinate externally and internally

∴ $g < m =$

PROB # 6.17



$$m = 38, j = 20, r = 3 \text{ (3 furn.)}$$

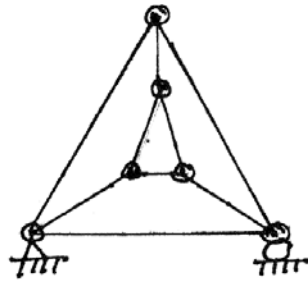
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$38 > (2)(20) - 3 = 37$$

∴ Its stat indet.
internally to 1st degree

✓ JCM

PROB # 6.18



$$m = 9, j = 6, r = 3 (\text{3 furnished})$$

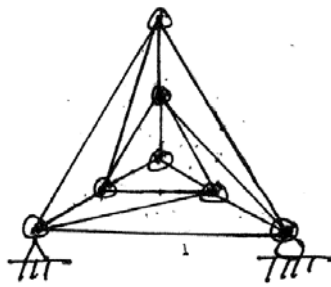
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$9 = (2)(6) - 3 = 9$$

∴ Its stat. determinate internally and externally

✓ Q.C.M.E

PROB #6.19



$$m = 15 \quad j = 7, r = 3 \text{ (3 furn.)}$$

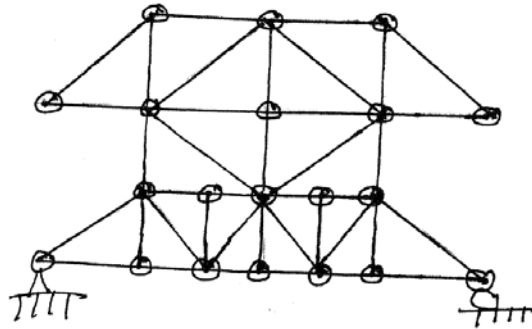
$$m = 2j - r$$

$$15 > (2)(7) - 3 = 11$$

∴ Its stat. indeterminate internally to 4th degree

$$r < m < \infty$$

PROB #6.20



$$m = 39, j = 20, r = 3 \text{ (3 furn.)}$$

$$m = 2j - r$$

$$39 > (2)(20) - 3 = 37$$

∴ Its stat indet.
internally to 2nd degree

$$r_g < m_c$$